

2017 Climate Action Finance Report

Introduction

CLP Holdings Limited's (CLP) vision is to be the leading responsible energy provider in the Asia-Pacific region, from one generation to the next. As part of this endeavour, CLP is committed to taking action on climate change. In 2007, we were the first electric utility company headquartered in Asia to publish carbon intensity reduction targets out to 2050 in our Climate Vision 2050. Now in support of the Paris Agreement and responding to the increasing investor awareness of the climate change imperative, CLP has established a Climate Action Finance Framework (CAFF) that sets out how CLP may raise Climate Action Bonds and use the proceeds of those bonds to invest in projects that are consistent with this strategy to respond to the climate change challenges. This also reinforces CLP's sustainability leadership and commitment to transition to a low carbon economy as manifested in our revised Climate Vision 2050 - to reduce carbon footprint by 82% compared with 2007 baseline and increase the renewable portion of our investments progressively.

Climate Action Bonds may be issued to finance renewable energy but also energy transition and emissions reduction projects. Our purpose is to raise awareness and recognition that in some parts of the world today the economic conditions and/or the amount of natural resources do not necessarily allow the development of renewable energy at the pace and scale needed to ensure energy access, security and reliability. In these situations where we urgently want to take action today to reduce carbon emissions, replacing critical large base load generation from coal with gas delivers significant reductions in carbon emissions in a relatively short time frame.

CLP Climate Action Finance Framework

The objective of the CAFF is to support the transition to a low carbon economy by attracting socially responsible, sustainable financings, to support CLP's investments that reduce the carbon content of energy generated and increase the efficiency of energy usage.

Established in July 2017, the CAFF formalises and governs project evaluation, monitoring and reporting the use of proceeds for Climate Action Bond issuances. Two types of Climate Action Bonds can be issued under the CAFF, which are:

- Energy Transition / Emission Reduction Bonds whose use of proceeds is to develop gas fired power plants to support the transition from coal fired power generation in markets with limited renewable energy resources; and
- New Energy Bonds whose use of proceeds is to develop renewable energy, energy efficiency and low emissions transportation infrastructure projects.

The Green Bond Principles (GBP), updated as of June 2017, are voluntary process guidelines that recommend transparency and disclosure and promote integrity in the development of the Green Bond market by clarifying the approach for issuance of a Green Bond.

There are four core components of a Green Bond - Use of Proceeds, Process for Project Evaluation and Selection, Management of Proceeds and Reporting.

The table in the next page summarises how CLP Climate Action Bonds align with the GBP.

| Components | Energy Transition / Emission Reduction Bonds | New Energy Bonds |
|--|--|--|
| Use of Proceeds | New natural gas fired power plants and conversion of coal fired power plants which will result in carbon emissions less than 450gCO ₂ /kWh at baseload | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Renewable energy • Energy efficiency • Low carbon transport infrastructure |
| Process for Project Evaluation and Selection | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Business units propose projects for eligible use of proceeds and Climate Action Bond issuance • Climate Action Finance Committee reviews and approves the eligibility of proposed use of proceeds and Climate Action Bond issuance | |
| Management of Proceeds | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proceeds of each Climate Action Bond are credited to dedicated bank accounts/deposits pending allocation to eligible projects • Use of proceeds tracked through business units' internal information system with individual register established for each Climate Action Bond | |
| Reporting | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Climate Action Finance Report issued on an annual basis disclosing the below information of Climate Action Bonds not yet fully repaid: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Identity of issuing business unit ○ Type of Climate Action Bond issued ○ Aggregate amounts of proceeds allocated ○ Remaining balance of unallocated proceeds ○ Estimation of beneficial impact of the use of proceeds ○ Information on projects with allocation of bond proceeds • The Climate Action Finance Report will be reviewed by the Climate Action Finance Committee and published within the Group Sustainability Report | |

It is noted that the use of proceeds of the Energy Transition / Emission Reduction Bond is not included in the indicative list of Green Project categories under the use of proceeds section in the Green Bond Principles, otherwise CLP Climate Action Bonds issued under the CAFF align with the Green Bond Principles.

GOVERNANCE OF THE CAFF

All eligible projects of the CAFF undergo a rigorous review and approval process within a robust, transparent framework and clear guidelines. CLP has established a Climate Action Finance Committee (the Committee) with the responsibility for governing the CAFF, including approval of Climate Action Bond issuance and determination of the eligibility of proposed use of proceeds. The Committee consists of CLP Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer and senior management from sustainability, finance and legal departments. The CLP Group Treasury & Project Finance acts as the secretariat of the Committee to provide the necessary support.

SECOND PARTY OPINION

DNV GL, an independent consultant and a leading provider of green bond independent assessment, has provided a second party opinion on the CAFF. It is DNV GL's opinion that there are environmental benefits for the investments to be funded under the CAFF.

CONCLUSION OF DNV GL SECOND PARTY OPINION

On the basis of the information provided by CLP and the work undertaken, it is DNV GL's opinion that the Climate Action Bonds meet the criteria established in the Protocol and there are environmental benefits for the investments to be funded under the CAFF.

DNV GL notes that the Use of Proceeds of the New Energy Bonds are included in the indicative list of sectors included in the section 1 of Green Bond Principles whilst the Use of Proceeds of Energy Transition Bonds are not. DNV GL concludes that the project selection, funds tracking and reporting procedures set out in the CAFF meet the criteria established in the Protocol and are aligned with sections 2, 3 and 4 of the Green Bond Principles 2017.



See CLP Climate Action Finance Framework



See DNV GL Second Party Opinion Report

Inaugural Issue of Energy Transition Bond

Castle Peak Power Company Limited (CAPCO), a key subsidiary of CLP engaging in the electricity generation business in Hong Kong, successfully issued US\$500 million 10-year inaugural Energy Transition Bond under the CAFF in July 2017. The proceeds from the bond will be used to finance the construction of a new 550MW combined cycle gas turbine generation unit (CCGT) at CAPCO's Black Point Power Station in Hong Kong. The new unit will employ the latest gas turbine technology to achieve high thermal efficiency and a lower carbon emissions intensity than the average of the generation units currently used in Hong Kong. The issue, which is the first benchmark USD Energy Transition Bonds globally, was more than 2.5 times over-subscribed with over US\$1.25 billion in orders from global investors, many of whom are environmental, social and governance motivated institutional investors.

For CAPCO, given the severely constrained renewable opportunities in Hong Kong, the key action to support CLP Climate Vision 2050 is to build highly efficient low emission CCGT to displace coal-fired generation units over time.

The construction of the new CCGT is also a critical component of CLP's contribution to the implementation of Hong Kong Government's Climate Action Plan 2030+ to reduce Hong Kong's carbon intensity by 65% to 70% by 2030 compared with the 2005 level, which includes the policy of increasing the share of gas in the Hong Kong's fuel mix for power generation to around 50% in 2020 from the current level of around 27%. As the Hong Kong's Climate Action Plan 2030+ forms part of Mainland China's commitment under the Paris Agreement, the CCGT investment also forms part of the implementation of the Paris Agreement.

ELIGIBILITY OF THE CCGT PROJECT UNDER CAFF

Using the latest Siemens H-Class CCGT technology, CAPCO's new CCGT unit could achieve a generating efficiency of 61%#. With the conditions that it operates at its optimal generating efficiency and under certain operating conditions, the new CCGT unit is expected to have emissions intensity below the threshold for the qualification of an Energy Transition Bond (450g CO₂/kWh) and also less than the 2016 carbon intensity of the electricity used by CLP's customers in Hong Kong (540g CO₂/kWh).

Provisional figure

CAPCO's Energy Transition Bond Details

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Issuer | Castle Peak Power Finance Company Limited |
| Guarantor | Castle Peak Power Company Limited |
| Issue Date | 25 July 2017 |
| Tenor | 10 years |
| Nominal Issued Amount | US\$500 million |
| Issue Price | 99.417% |
| Listing | The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong |
| ISIN Code | XS1648263926 |

"We are pleased with the successful placement of the notes which represents the first Energy Transition Bond issued under CLP's new Climate Action Finance Framework and underscores our continuous commitment to diversify financing sources through innovative means. Not only have the notes brought further diversification in financing options but they also came with competitive pricing on the back of keen interest from investors around the world. The new Energy Transition Bonds will be listed in Hong Kong contributing to the city's regional ambition for climate financing."

Geert Peeters, Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer, CLP Holdings Limited, July 2017

CCGT Project

| CCGT Project Details | |
|---|---|
| Business Unit | Castle Peak Power Company Limited (CAPCO) |
| Name of Project | New Gas-fired Combined Cycle Gas Turbine Unit |
| Location | Black Point Power Station, Hong Kong |
| Total Investment Amount | HK\$5.5 billion |
| Amount to be financed by Energy Transition Bond | HK\$3.9 billion (US\$500 million equivalent) |
| Installed Capacity | 550MW |
| Generation Efficiency | 61%#, higher than any of the units currently in use in Hong Kong and being one of the most efficient gas-fired generation unit in the world |
| Technology | The latest Siemens H-Class CCGT technology |
| Project Progress | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Project approved by the Hong Kong Government on 13 December 2016 • Awarded the engineering, procurement, commissioning services and technical advisory services contract to Siemens for the combined cycle gas turbine unit • Awarded all major contracts for the construction • Construction work commenced upon project approval and it is scheduled to have the new unit in commercial operation by 2020 |
| Estimation of Beneficial Environmental Impact | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 to 2 million tons of CO₂ emissions avoided per year • expected to have emissions intensity less than the 2016 carbon intensity of the electricity used by CLP's customers in Hong Kong (540g CO₂/kWh) and below the threshold for the qualification of an Energy Transition Bond (450g CO₂/kWh) • potential reduction of annual NO_x emission up to 19% and Sulphur Dioxide (SO₂) and Respirable Suspended Particulates (RSP) emissions by around 10% in 2020 for CAPCO power generation system |

Provisional figure

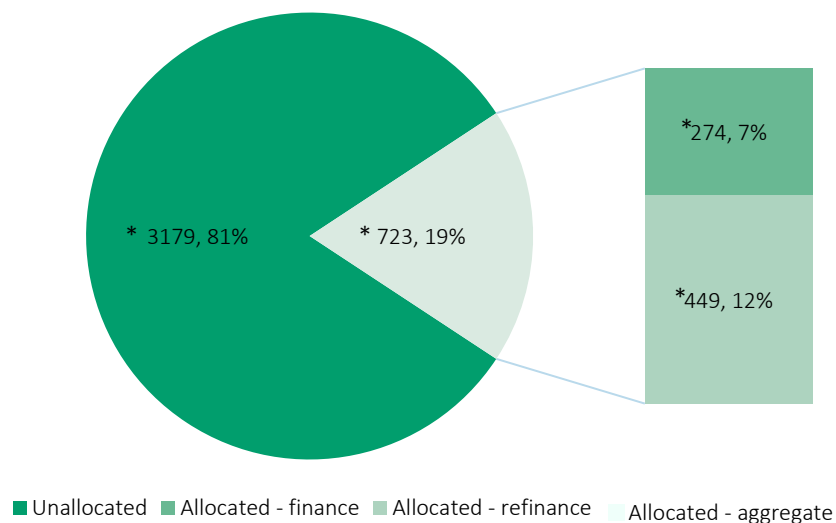


“The new generation unit at Black Point is an important step towards meeting the Government’s target of increasing local gas generation to around 50% of the total fuel mix in 2020. This new climate financing initiative combined with very favourable export credit covered loan facilities associated with the equipment purchased have provided attractive funding in support of CLP’s material contribution to Hong Kong’s low carbon transition.”

Chiang Tung Keung, Managing Director, CLP Power Hong Kong Limited, July 2017

Use of Proceeds Reporting

During the year, the CAPCO US\$500 million Energy Transition Bond was the only issuance under the CAFF. Bond proceeds were swapped into Hong Kong dollar of about HK\$3.9 billion to mitigate foreign exchange risk and the full amount is earmarked for the CCGT project. Bond proceeds were applied at the outset of the bond tenor to replace bank debt bridge facilities associated with the CCGT project and the remaining balance was credited to dedicated bank account/deposits pending settlement of future CCGT related payments. As at the reporting date of 31 December 2017, the use of the bond proceeds is illustrated in the chart below:



Allocation of CAPCO's Energy Transition Bond Proceeds (in HK\$ million)

* Information has been subject to independent limited assurance by PwC

Reporting Criteria

Following section 6 of the CAFF – “Reporting on Use of Proceeds”:

- a Climate Action Bond is added to this report when the bond was issued during the reporting period; and
- a Climate Action Bond is removed from this report when the bond has been fully repaid.

Assurance of Climate Action Finance Report

CLP has engaged PwC as an independent assurance provider to provide assurance that selected information in this report has been prepared in line with the CLP Climate Action Finance Framework.



See PwC Assurance Report